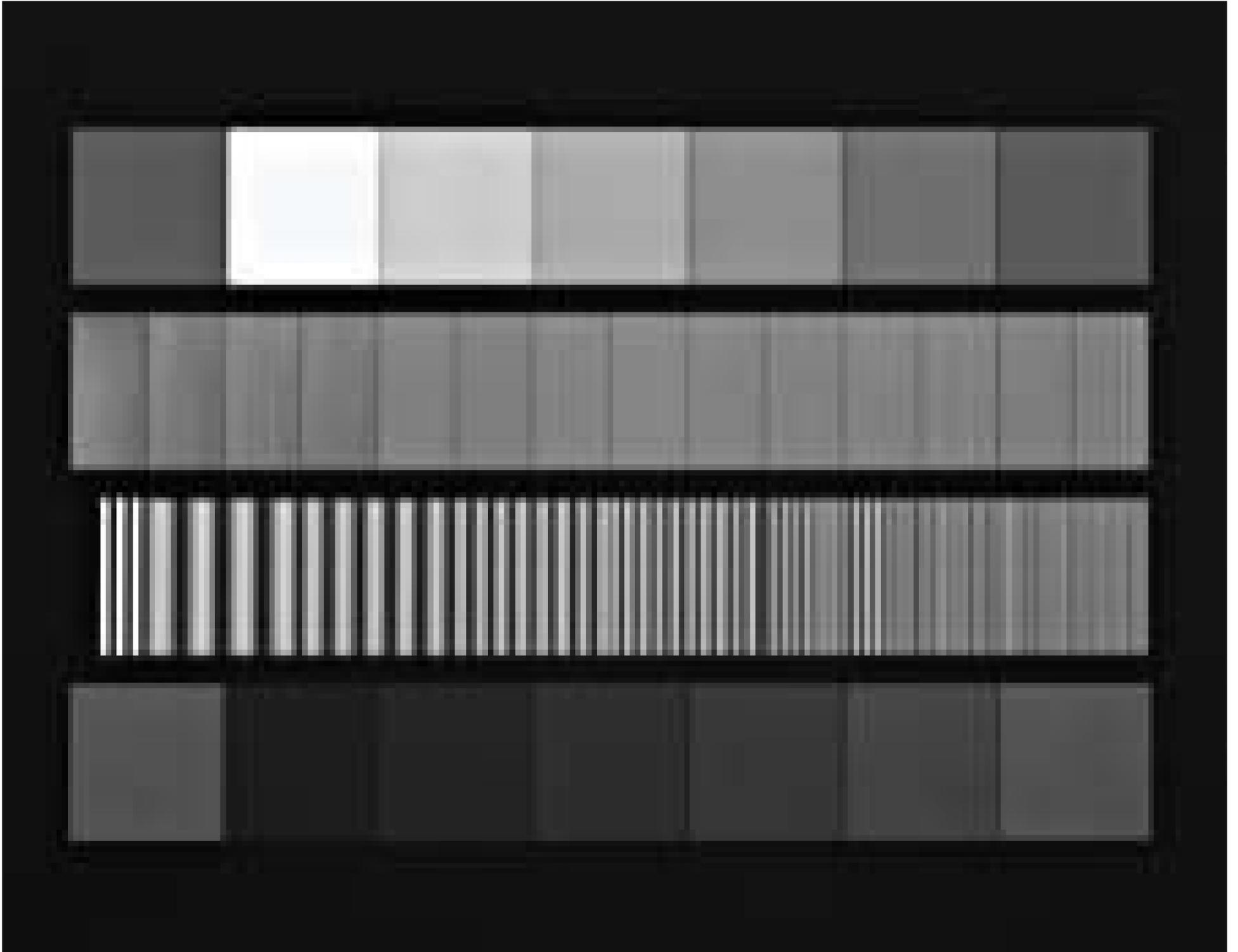


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Transmitted Microslide (2 to 256 lp/mm), Sinusoidal Target



Stock #55-641 **1 In Stock**

₹1,85,400

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Volume Pricing

Qty 1-4	₹1,85,400 each
Qty 5+	₹1,76,157 each
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Product Downloads

General

Type: Transmitted Microslide Sinusoidal

NIST Certification: No

Physical & Mechanical Properties

Pattern Size (mm): 7.5 x 6.3

Dimensions (mm): 25.4 x 76.2 ±nominal

1.60 ±nominal **Thickness (mm):**

Construction:
High Resolution Film (0.175 mm) Sandwiched in
Float Glass

Optical Properties

2 - 256 **Frequency (lp/mm):**

Float Glass **Substrate:**

Grayscale Pattern: 0.2 - 1.2, ±0.02 **Optical Density OD (Average):**

60-40 **Surface Quality:**

<3 **Harmonic Distortion (%):**

Electrical

80% **Modulation:**

Regulatory Compliance

[Compliant](#) **RoHS 2015:**

[View](#) **Certificate of Conformance:**

[Compliant](#) **Reach 235:**

United States **Country of Origin:**

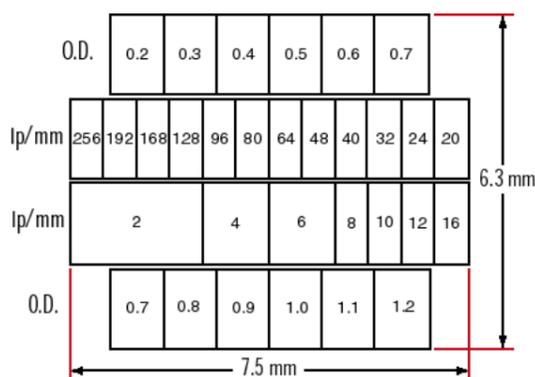
Edmund Optics India Private Limited **Imported By:**

Product Details

- Designed for MTF Testing
- Determines Image Quality of Imaging Components

Sinusoidal patterns are designed specifically for evaluating the MTF of imaging lenses and other system components. This is accomplished by analyzing the ability of imaging components to reproduce the contrast of the sinusoidal target. MTF analysis is necessary when evaluating components to confirm that they meet design specifications and performance expectations. MTF evaluation is one of the best methods to determine overall image quality, not just absolute limitations. Implementation of MTF testing procedures can reduce costs by ensuring that neither under-specification nor over-specification occurs. The advantage of a sinusoidal target is that it relays image quality information over a full range of frequencies instead of only the maximum obtainable resolution. By using the different frequencies on the target, baselines can be established that directly relate to system requirements. The grayscales on the target are used as references for denoting the contrast levels of the sinusoidal frequencies.

Technical Information



Transmitted Microslide #55-641