

1.5" x 1.5", FL 0.92", IR Fresnel Lens



Infrared (IR) Fresnel Lenses

Stock **#32-797** **6 In Stock**

MRP ₹3,985

Price inclusive of all taxes

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Volume Pricing

Qty 1-10	₹3,985 each
Qty 11-49	₹3,532 each
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General

Fresnel Lens **Type:**

Physical & Mechanical Properties

0.02 **Center Thickness CT (inches):**

1.5 x 1.5 **Dimensions (inches):**

38.1 x 38.1	Dimensions (mm):
1.0	Effective Diameter (inches):
0.40 - 1.24	Young's Modulus (GPa):
Optical Properties	
23.37	Effective Focal Length EFL (mm):
Poly IR	Substrate: <input type="checkbox"/>
Uncoated	Coating:
8000 - 14000	Wavelength Range (nm):
0.92	Effective Focal Length EFL (inches):
100.00	Groove Density (grooves/inch):
Visible (Sodium D Line): 1.52 8-14µm: 1.53 15µm+: 1.48	Index of Refraction (n_d):
8 - 14	Wavelength Range (µm):
Material Properties	
11 - 13	Coefficient of Thermal Expansion CTE (10⁻⁶/°C):
(100-260) x 10 ³	Flexural Modulus (psi):
D60-70	Shore Hardness:
Environmental & Durability Factors	
100.00	Operating Temperature (°C):
Regulatory Compliance	
Compliant	RoHS 2015:
View	Certificate of Conformance:
Compliant	Reach 242:
United States	Country of Origin:
Edmund Optics India Private Limited 267, Greystone Building, Second Floor, 6th Cross Rd, Binnamangala, Stage 1, Indiranagar, Bengaluru, Karnataka, India 560038 Phone: +91- 80-6845 0000	Imported By:

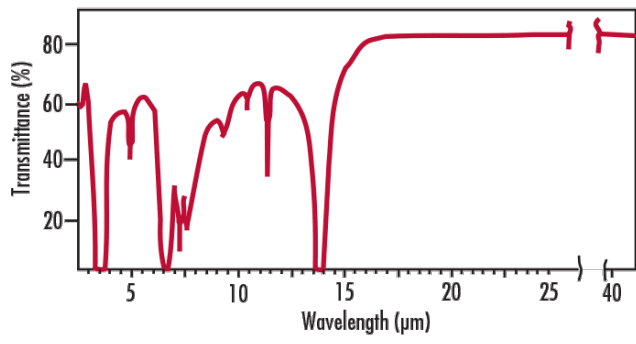
Product Details

- Excellent Collecting Optics for Infrared Detectors
- Minimal Absorption Loss in the 8-14µm Region

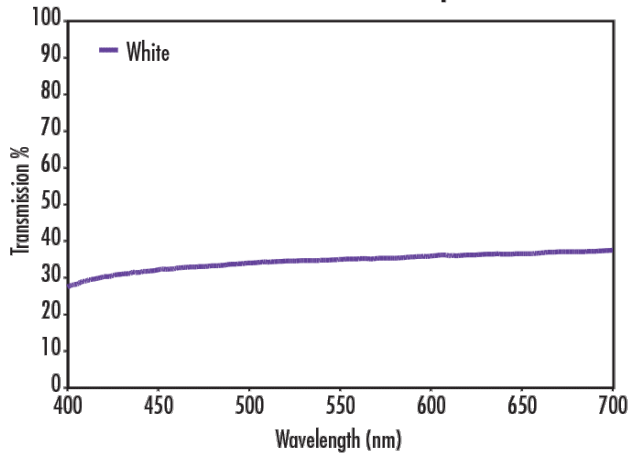
IR Fresnel lenses are molded in a flexible, 0.015" (0.457mm) thick, milkywhite plastic. Advantages of this product are: least absorption loss in the 8-14µm region, extremely thin with consistent thickness across the lens, large apertures and minimal thermal expansion. The design of an infrared-transmitting Fresnel lens involves many complex considerations. The grooved side of a Fresnel lens should face the longer conjugate (away from the detector when used to collect radiation). If the smooth side needs to face the longer conjugate for some nonoptical reason, the maximum aperture of the lens should be f/1.0. In this case, total internal reflection keeps all radiation from the area of the lens past f/1.0 from reaching the image. Even when the grooves face the longer conjugate, the portion of the lens past f/1.0 contributes a diminished amount and there is no significant contribution past f/0.5.

Technical Information

IR Windows in the IR Spectrum



IR Windows in the Visible Spectrum



Effect of Sunlight	None to Slight
Effect of Ultraviolet	UV Stabilized
Effect of Weak Acids	Very Little
Effect of Strong Acids	Attacked by Oxidizing Acids
Effect of Weak Alkalies	Very Little
Effect of Strong Alkalies	Very Little
Effect of Organic Solvents	Little below 60°C (140°F)